

# Aufgabe A7

a)

$$f_k(x) = -\frac{1}{9}x^4 + \frac{2}{3}k^2x^2 \quad f'_k(x) = -\frac{4}{9}x^3 + \frac{4}{3}k^2x \quad f''_k(x) = -\frac{4}{3}x^2 + \frac{4}{3}k^2 \quad f'''_k(x) = -\frac{8}{3}x$$

Wendepunkte:  $f''_k(x) = 0 \quad \wedge \quad f'''_k(x) \neq 0$

$$\Leftrightarrow -\frac{4}{3}x^2 + \frac{4}{3}k^2 = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x_1 = -k \quad \vee \quad x_2 = k$$

$$f'''_k(-k) = \frac{8}{3}k > 0 \quad f'''_k(k) = -\frac{8}{3}k < 0 \quad (k > 0)$$

$$f_k(-k) = -\frac{1}{9}(-k)^4 + \frac{2}{3}k^2 \cdot (-k)^2 = \frac{5}{9}k^4 \quad f_k(k) = -\frac{1}{9}k^4 + \frac{2}{3}k^2 \cdot k^2 = \frac{5}{9}k^4$$

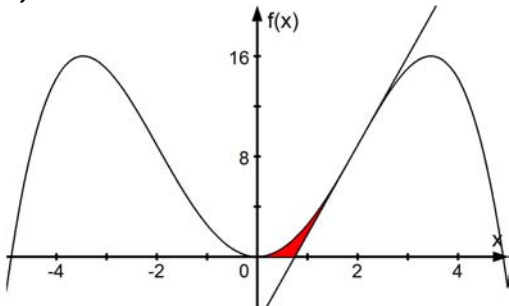
WP<sub>1</sub>(-k/5/9k<sup>4</sup>)      WP<sub>2</sub>(k/5/9k<sup>4</sup>)      Wendepunkt WP<sub>2</sub> liegt im 1. Quadranten, denn es gilt k > 0.

Wendetangente in WP<sub>2</sub>:  $t_k(x) = m \cdot x + b$

$$m = f'_k(k) = -\frac{4}{9}k^3 + \frac{4}{3}k^2 \cdot k = \frac{8}{9}k^3 \quad \frac{5}{9}k^4 = \frac{8}{9}k^3 \cdot k + b \Rightarrow b = -\frac{1}{3}k^4$$

$t_k(x) = \frac{8}{9}k^3x - \frac{1}{3}k^4$

b)



$$f_k(x) = -\frac{1}{9}x^4 + \frac{2}{3}k^2x^2 \quad t_k(x) = \frac{8}{9}k^3x - \frac{1}{3}k^4$$

Integrationsgrenzen:

1.  $x = 0$

2. NS der Wendetangente:  $x = \frac{3}{8}k$

3. Schnittstelle von  $f_k$  und  $t_k$ : Wendestelle  $x = k$

Es gibt verschiedene Möglichkeiten (je nach Wahl der betrachteten Teilflächen) den Flächeninhalt zu berechnen.:

$$A(k) = A_1(k) - A_2(k)$$

$$A_1(k) = \int_0^k f_k(x) dx = \left[ -\frac{1}{45}x^5 + \frac{2}{9}k^2x^3 \right]_0^k = \left( -\frac{1}{45}k^5 + \frac{2}{9}k^2 \cdot k^3 \right) - 0 = \frac{1}{5}k^5$$

$$A_2(k) = \int_{\frac{3}{8}k}^k t_k(x) dx \quad \text{bzw.} \quad A_2(k) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left( k - \frac{3}{8}k \right) \cdot \frac{5}{9}k^4 = \frac{25}{144}k^5$$

$$A(k) = \frac{1}{5}k^5 - \frac{25}{144}k^5 = \frac{19}{720}k^5$$

$$\underline{k=2}: A(2) = \frac{19}{720} \cdot 2^5 = \underline{\underline{\frac{38}{45}}}$$

c)

$$t_k(x) = \frac{8}{9}k^3x - \frac{1}{3}k^4$$

$$t_2(x) = \frac{64}{9}x - \frac{16}{3}$$

$$V = \pi \int_0^{\frac{3}{4}} \left( \frac{64}{9}x - \frac{16}{3} \right)^2 dx = \pi \int_0^{\frac{3}{4}} \left( \frac{4096}{81}x^2 - \frac{2048}{27}x + \frac{256}{9} \right) dx = \pi \left[ \frac{4096}{243}x^3 - \frac{1024}{27}x^2 + \frac{256}{9}x \right]_0^{\frac{3}{4}} = \pi \frac{64}{9} - 0 = \underline{\underline{\pi \frac{64}{9} \approx 22,34 \text{ VE}}}$$